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Total Printed Pages - 4

# F-3853

# M.A./M.Sc. (Previous) Examination, 2022 MATHEMATICS Paper Third (Topology)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note : All questions are compulsory. Attempt any two parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

### Unit - 1

- 1. (a) Define countable set. Prove that a finite product of countable sets is countable.
  - (b) Define accumulation point. Prove that a subset
    A of a topological space (X, τ) is closed if and only if A contains all its limit points.
    - P.T.O.

(c) Define base for a topology. Let  $(X, \tau)$  be a topological space and  $\beta c \tau$ . Then prove that  $\beta$  is a base for  $\tau$  if and only if for any  $x \in X$  and any open set G containing x, there exists  $B \in \beta$  such that  $x \in B$  and  $B \subset G$ .

## Unit-II

- 2. (a) Define continuous function in topological space. Let X and Y be topological spaces. Show that a mapping  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is continuous if only if the inverse image under *f* of every open set in Y is open in X.
  - (b) State and prove Urysohn's Lemma.
  - (c) Define Normal space. Show that a closed.Subspace of a Normal space is normal.

## Unit-III

- 3. (a) Show that a subspace of a real line is connected if and only if it is an interval.
  - (b) Define Locally compact space. Show that any
- F- 3853

[3]

- open subspace of a locally compact space is locally compact.
- State and prove the Stone-Cech compactification (C) theorem.

#### Unit-IV

- Define projection map. Prove that the projection 4. (a) functions are open.
  - (b) Show that the product space  $X_1 \times X_2$  are connected iff both  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are connected.
  - Prove that every second countable normal space (C) is metrizable.

#### Unit-V

- 5. (a) Show that a filter *F* on a set *X* is an ultrafilter if and only if F contains all those subsets of X which intersect every member of F.
  - Define covering map. Prove that a covering map (b) is a local homeomorphism.

- [4]
- (c) Let  $(X, \tau)$  be a topological space and  $Y \subset X$ . Then a point  $x_n \in X$  is a limit point of Y if and only if a net in Y-{ $x_0$ } converges to { $x_0$ }.

F-3853